Alachlor



Intended Use

For the detection and quantitation of Alachlor and related acetanilides in water (groundwater, surface water, well water). For soil, crop, and food use contact the company for application bulletins and/or specific matrix validation auidelines.

Principle

The Eurofins Abraxis Alachlor Kit applies the principles of enzyme linked immunosorbent assay (ELISA) to the determination of Alachlor. The sample to be tested is added, along with an enzyme conjugate, to a disposable test tube, follwed by paramagnetic particles attatched with antibodies specific to acetanilides. At this point a competitive reaction occurs between the Alachlor or other acetanilides which may be be in the sample and the enzyme labeled Alachlor analog for the antibody binding sites on the magnetic particles. The reaction is allowed to continue for thirty (30) minutes. At the end of the incubation period, a magnetic field is applied to hold in the test tube the para-magnetic particles (with Alachlor and labeled Alachlor bound to the antibodies on the particles, in proportion to their original concentration), and allow the unbound reagents to be decanted. After decanting, the particles are washed with Washing Solution.

The presence of Alachlor is detected by adding the "Color Solution", which contains the enzyme substrate (hydrogen and the chromogen (3.3'.5.5'peroxide) tetramethylbenzidine). The enzyme-labeled Alachlor bound to the Alachlor antibody catalyzes the conversion of the substrate/ chromogen mixture to a colored product. After an incubation period, the reaction is stopped and stabilized by the addition of a diluted acid (Stopping Solution). Since the labeled Alachlor (conjugate) was in competition with the unlabeled Alachlor (sample) for the antibody sites, the color developed is inversely proportional to the concentration of Alachlor in the sample.

Reagents

The Eurofins Abraxis Alachlor Kit contains the following items:

1. Alachlor Antibody Coupled Paramagnetic Particles

Alachlor antibody (rabbit anti- Alachlor) covalently bound to paramagnetic particles suspended in a buffered soution with preservative and stabilizers.

100 test kit: one 65 mL vial

2. Alachlor Enzyme Conjugate Horseradish peroxidase (HRP) labeled Alachlor analog diluted in a buffered solution with preservative and stabilizers.

100 test kit: one 35 mL vial

3. Alachlor Standards

Three concentrations (0.1, 1.0, 5.0 ppb) of Alachlor standards in distilled water with preservative and stabilizers. Each vial contains 2.0 mL.

4. Control

A concentration (approximately 2.0 ppb) of Alachlor in distilled water with preservative and stabilizers. A 2.0 mL volume is supplied in one vial.

5. Diluent/Zero Standard

Distilled water with preservative and stabilizers without any detectable Alachlor.

100 test kit: one 35 mL vial

6. Color Solution

A solution of hydrogen peroxide and 3,3',5,5'tetramethylbenzidine in an organic base. 100 test kit: one 65 mL vial

7. Stopping Solution

A solution of diluted acid.

100 test kit: one 60 mL vial 8. Washing Solution

Preserved deionized water

100 test kit: one 250 mL vial 9. Test Tubes

Polystyrene tubes (36) are packaged in a box. 100 test kit: three 36 tube boxes

• Reagent Storage and Stability Store all reagents at 2-8°C. Do not freeze. Reagents may be used until the last day of the month as indicated by the expiration date on the box. The test tubes and Washing Solution require no special storage condition and may be stored separately from the reagents to conserve refrigerator space.

Consult state, local and federal regulations for proper disposal of all reagents.

Materials Required but Not Provided

In addition to the reagents provided, the following items are essential for the performance of the test:

Pipets*	Precision pipets capable of delivering 200, 250 and 500 uL and a 1.0 mL repeating pipet.
Vortex Mixer*	Thermolyne Maxi Mix, Scientific

Industries Vortex Genie, or equivalent

Magnetic Separation System*

Photometer* capable of readings at 450 nm

* Please contact Eurofins Abraxis for supplier information.

Sample Information

This procedure is recommended for use with water samples. Other samples may require modifications to the procedure and should be thoroughly validated.

Samples containing gross particulate matter should be filtered (e.g. 0.2 um Anotop[™] 25 Plus, Whatman, Inc.) to remove particles.

Samples which have been preserved with monochloroacetic acid or other acids, should be neutralized with strong base e.g. 6N NaOH, prior to assay.

If the Alachlor concentration of a sample exceeds 5.0 ppb, the sample is subject to repeat testing using a diluted sample. A ten-fold or greater dilution of the sample is recommended with an appropriate amount of Diluent/Zero Standard or Sample Diluent. For example, in a separate test tube make a ten-fold dilution by adding 100 uL of the 900 sample to uL 0 Diluent/Zero Standard. Mix thoroughly before assaying. Perform the assay according to the Assay Procedure and obtain final results by multiplying the value obtain by the dilution factor e.g. 10.

Reagent Preparation

All reagents must be allowed to come to room temperature. The antibody coupled paramagnetic particles should be mixed thoroughly before use.

Procedural Notes and Precautions

As with all immunoassays, a consistent technique is the key to optimal performance. To obtain the greatest precision, be sure to treat each tube in an identical manner.

Add reagents directly to the bottom of the tube while avoiding contact between the reagents and the pipet tip. This will help assure consistent quantities of reagent in the test mixture

Avoid cross-contaminations and carryover of reagents by using clean pipets for each sample addition and by avoiding contact between reagent droplets on the tubes and pipet tips.

Avoid foam formation during vortexing.

The magnetic separation system consists of two parts: an upper rack which will securely hold the test tubes and a lower separator which contains the magnets used to attract 10. the antibody coupled paramagnetic particles. During incubations the

upper rack is removed from the lower separator so that the paramagnetic particles remain suspended during the incubation. For separation steps, the rack and the separator are combined to pull the paramagnetic particles to the sides of the tubes.

To obtain optimum assay precision, it is important to perform the separation steps carefully and consistently. Decant the rack by slowly inverting away from the operator using a smooth turning action so the liquid flows consistently along only one side of the test tube. While still inverted, place the rack on an absorbent pad and allow to drain. Lifting the rack and replacing gently onto the pad several times will ensure complete removal of the liquid from the rim of the tube. Do not bang the rack.

Mix the antibody coupled paramagnetic particles just prior to pipetting.

Do not use any reagents beyond their stated shelf life.

Avoid contact of Stopping Solution (diluted sulfuric acid) with skin and mucous membranes. If this reagent comes in contact with skin, wash with water.

Limitations

The Abraxis Alachlor Assay will detect Alachlor and related acetanilides to different degrees. Refer to specificity table for data on several of the acetanilides. The Abraxis Alachlor Assay kit provides screening results. As with any analytical technique (GC, HPLC, etc...) positive results requiring some action should be confirmed by an alternative method

The total time required for pipetting the magnetic particles should be kept to two (2) minutes or less, therefore the total number of tubes that can be assayed in a run should be adjusted accordingly.

Quality Control

A control solution at approximately 2.0 ppb of Alachlor is provided with the Abraxis Alachlor Assay kit. It is recommended that it be included in every run and treated in the same manner as unknown samples. Acceptable limits should be established by each laboratory.

Assay Procedure

Read Reagent Preparation, Procedural Notes and Precautions before proceeding.

1. Label test tubes for standards, control, and samples.

Tube

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Number	Contents of Tube
1,2	Diluent/Zero Standard, 0 ppb
3,4	Standard 1, 0.1 ppb
5,6	Standard 2, 1.0 ppb
7,8	Standard 3, 5.0 ppb
9,10	Control
11,12	Sample 1
13,14	Sample 2

- 2. Add 200 uL of the appropriate standard, control, or sample. 3.
 - Add 250 uL of Alachlor Enzyme Conjugate to each tube.
 - Mix the Alachlor Antibody Coupled Paramagnetic Particles thoroughly and add 500 uL to each tube.
- Vortex for 1 to 2 seconds minimizing foaming.
- 6 Incubate for 30 minutes at room temperature.
- 7 Separate in the Magnetic Separation System for two (2) minutes.
- 8. Decant and gently blot all tubes briefly in a consistent manner
- Add 1 mL of Washing Solution to each tube and allow them to remain in the magnetic separation unit for two (2) minutes.
- Decant and gently blot all tubes briefly in a consistent manner
- 11. Repeat Steps 9 and 10 an additional time.

- 12. Remove the rack from the separator and add 500 uL of Color Solution to each tube.
- 13. Vortex for 1 to 2 seconds minimizing foaming.
- 14. Incubate for 20 minutes at room temperature.
- Add 500 uL of Stopping Solution to each tube.
 Add 1 mL Washing Solution to a clean test tube. Use as blank in Step 17.
- 17. Read results at 450 nm within 15 minutes after adding the Stopping Solution.

Results

Manual Calculations

1. Calculate the mean absorbance value for each of the standards.

 Calculate the %B/Bo for each standard by dividing the mean absorbance value for the standard by the mean absorbance value

3. Construct a standard curve by plotting the %B/Bo for each standard on vertical linear (Y) axis versus the corresponding Alachlor concentration on horizontal logarithmic (X) axis on the graph paper provided.

4. %B/Bo for controls and samples will then yield levels in ppb of Alachlor by interpolation using the standard curve.

(Contact Abraxis for detailed application information on specific photometers.)

Photometric Analyzer

Some instrument manufacturers make available photometers allowing for calibration curves to be automatically calculated and stored. Refer to instrument operating manual for detailed instructions. To obtain results for the Eurofins Abraxis Alachlor Assay on instruments allowing data transformation the following parameter settings are recommended:

Logit B Absorbance 450nm PPB 0
4 2
0.00 PPB 0.10 PPB 1.0 PPB 5.0 PPB
0.04-5.0 0.990 10%

Expected Results

In a study with water samples from locations across the U.S., the Abraxis Alachlor Assay was shown to correlate well with another analytical technique ($r^2 = .991$).

Performance Data

Precision

Control	1	2	3	4
Replicates	5	5	5	5
Days	5	5	5	5
n	25	25	25	25
Mean (ppb)	0.314	0.708	2.46	4.20
% CV (within assay)	5.44	4.97	5.06	4.67
% CV (between assay)	8.20	7.48	6.28	6.78

Sensitivity

The Eurofins Abraxis Alachlor Assay has an estimated minimum detectable concentration, based on a 90% B/Bo of 42 ppt.

Recovery

Five (4) groundwater samples, were spiked with various levels of Alachlor and then assayed using the Abraxis Alachlor Assay. The following results were obtained:

Amount of		Recovery	%
Alachlor	Mean	S.D.	
Added (ppb)	(ppb)	(ppb)	
0.5	0.56	0.06	112
1.0	1.08	0.06	108
2.0 4.0 Average	2.06 3.79	0.11 0.27	103 97 106

Specificity

The cross-reactivity of the Abraxis Alachlor Assay for various acetanilides analogues can be expressed as the least detectable dose (LDD) which is estimated at 90% B/Bo, or as the dose required for 50% absorbance inhibition (50% B/Bo).

B/Bo Compound	LDD (ppb)	50% (ppb)
Alachlor	0.042	0.72
Acetochlor	0.15	10
Metolachlor	0.19	25
Butachlor	0.14	20
Alachlor Sulfonic Acid	16	> 10,000
Alachlor Oxalinic Acid	> 10,000	> 10,000
Metalaxyl	12	1700
Propachlor	1500	> 10,000

The following compounds demonstrated no reactivity in the Abraxis Alachlor Assay at concentrations up to 1000 ppb: aldicarb, aldicarb sulfoxide, aldicarb sulfone, Atrazine ametryn, benomyl, butylate, captan, carbaryl, carbendazim, carbofuran, cyanazine, 2,4-D, 1,3-dichloropropene, dinoseb, MCPA, metribuzin, pentachlorophenol, picloram, propazine, simazine, terbufos, thiabendazole, and thiophanate-methyl.

Ordering information

Alachlor Magnetic Particle Assay Kit 100T	PN 500071
Sample Diluent	PN 500072
Standard Set	PN 500073

Assistance

For ordering or technical assistance contact:

Eurofins Abraxis 124 Railroad Drive Warminster, Pennsylvania, 18974

Phone :(215) 357-3911 Fax: (215) 357-5232 Email: info.ET.Warminster@eurofinsus.com WEB: www.abraxiskits.com

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